

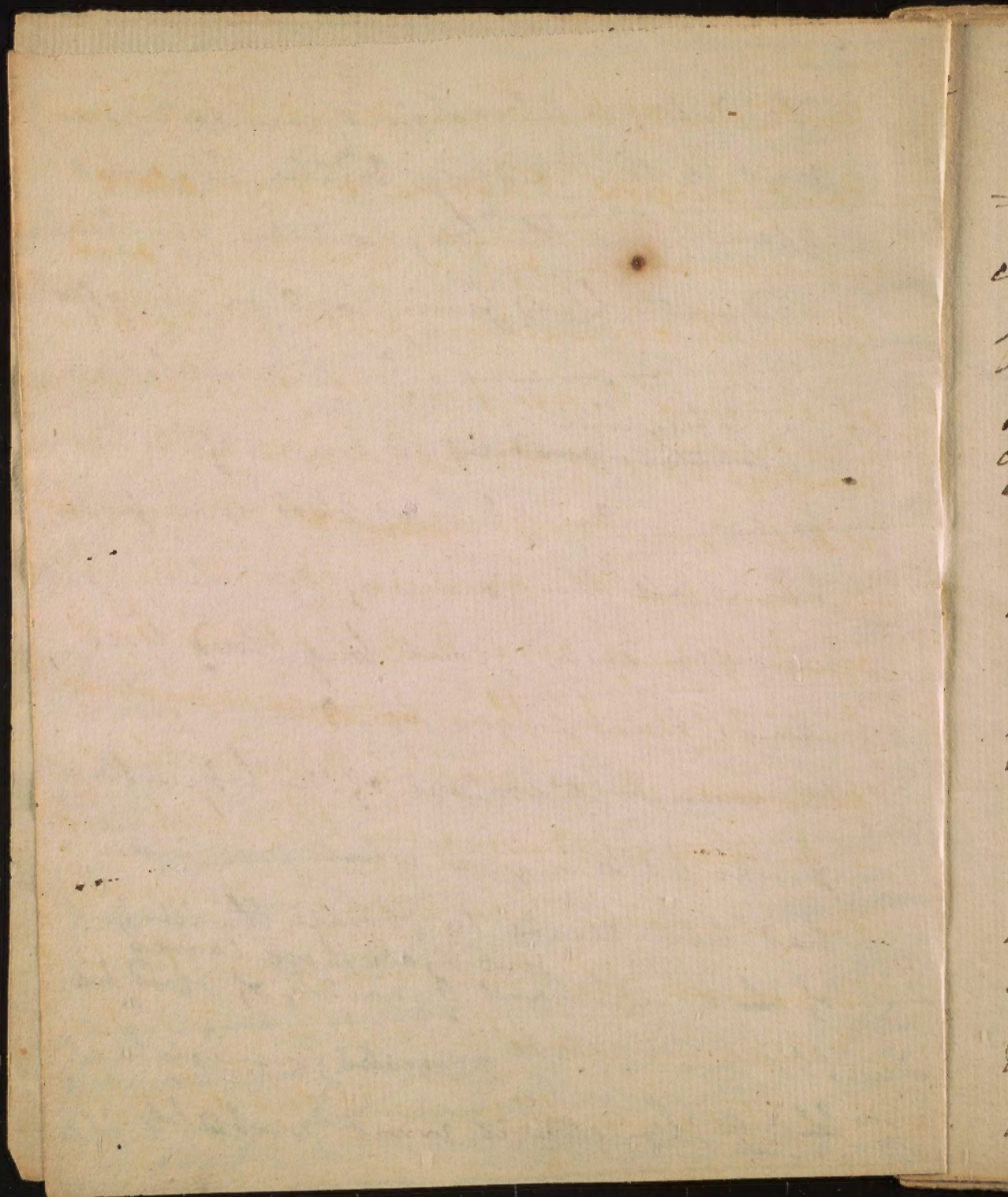
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Let come now to treat of the cephalic flates of
fever. Before I enter upon this subject I
shall deliver some remarks upon the brain
and its appendages which are partly of a phy-
-siological and partly of a pathological & practical
nature.

I taught you in our physiology that
~~the system~~ ^{the} in early part of our course ~~to~~ In
treating upon the circulation of the blood,
I said ^{major} that the ~~rest~~ of our bodies had guard
against ~~it~~ inordinate or tumultuous
motions ^{of the blood} by means of the spleen when
the blood vessels were unusually excited through-
-out the whole system - by the Thyroid
Gland when it was ^{determined in} ~~was~~ an un-
-usual quantity to the lungs, by the

the extirpation of the
are experienced
✓ I formerly supposed from a fact made
upon the Thyroid glands by Mr Cooper pro-
-ducing fatuity in dogs, that this gland ser-
-ved to arrest and detain the blood when too
forcibly determined to the brain. But I not
~~believe in this~~ ^{capacities} ~~of that gland~~
to be from the small size of that gland,
and from ~~and~~ any not admitting the
inferences ^{from} of Mr Cooper's ~~fact~~ experiments
I have rejected that supposition. Dr Keene
in his essay on Criticism published in the
5th vol: of the Edin: medical and Surgical journal
tells us that in those countries where Critic
are most numerous, many people of sound &
vigorous minds have Bronchople, and that the
combination of Bronchople and ^{idiomatic} ~~Criticism~~
is altogether accidental. The Thyroid gland,
believe arrests nervous determination to the
brain only, but never arterial. Its use, I believe
is chiefly as a waste gate to the larynx in
singing and speaking.

Glands recule when it was too copiously
sent to the kidneys, & ^{by} the Thyroid
Gland when the larynx was over disten-
-ted with blood from loud, or long spea-
-king, or singing. ^V In contemplating
the ~~excessive~~ ^{frequent} exposure of the brain
to an undue flux of blood from fever,
from all the causes of apoplexy, pal-
-sary strappings, from long blood-spea-
-king, from anger, and even from
the recumbent posture of the body in sleep,
I was led to inquire what provision
had been made to obviate the ill effects
of ~~the~~ a redundant quantity of blood ^{sent by all those causes} ~~too~~
the brain. I suggested formerly that
~~the~~ I thought it most probable the



Ventricles of the brain served this impor-
tant purpose. From a more close
examination of this opinion, and
from its connection with the means
of obviating disease from the same causes in
a continuous
~~another~~ part of the body I have no doubt
of its correctness. ~~From the~~ The lungs &
the liver and the pancreas obviate the ill
effects of being over distended with blood
for a while, by their ~~being so capable of~~
~~distending~~ giving way as it were, that
is by ~~their~~ increasing in their bulk, but
this can never take place in the brain.
~~It has no~~ The Cranium prevents its
dilatation; and this it is said to such a
degree as even to prevent the elevation

✓ Indeed there can be no doubt of
this being the case, Baglivi tells us
he found $\frac{1}{2}$ of coagulated blood in
the Ventricles of the famous Anatomist
Malpighi who died of an apoplexy.
Allowing the bloodvessels to be impart
emptied of their blood to admit of this
large accumulation of it in the Ventric-
les, still it shows that they are capa-
ble by compression of affording room
for more than five or six ounces of
redundant blood.

its
of the Arteries in ~~the~~ pulsation. In this
case, the ~~Ventracles~~ ^{which} these cavities
which we call Ventracles ^{give way} ~~which are~~
~~separated~~ on become ~~more~~ ^{more} joined
together, and thus afford more ^{room} for
the distention of the Arteries ^{of the brain} ~~veins~~
with redundant blood. In a child of
three or four years old, they ^{are found} ~~contain~~ to
contain in a hydrocephalus ^{internus} from 3 to
5 or 6 ounces of water. It is probable
they afford room by their compression
and contact for a greater quantity
of blood in an adult. It is ~~not~~ ^{possible}
the ^{longitudinal} lateral sinuses of the brain may
assist the Ventracles by retaining a greater
quantity of blood than is natural
to them, when an ^{unusual} ~~unusual~~ quantity of

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Blood is sent to the brain. I proceed next
to mention the provision which the maker
of our bodies seems to have made for
redundant blood in another ^{and continuous} part of the
body, and that is in the medulla oblongata
and spinalis. ~~They~~ ^{These} are said to be a con-
-tinuation of all the component parts
of the brain. They are wrapped of the same
coverings, and ~~are terminated~~ are provided
like the brain with Arteries & Veins which
carry blood ^{to} and from them. The
means employed to prevent their being
suddenly injured by an undue influx of
blood ^{into} ~~to~~ them appear to be the following.
1 A small space ^{or cavity} between them and the
~~vertebrae~~ bones of the Vertebrae. This

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Cavity is described by Portal

2 a small aperture or cavity in the middle of the spinal marrow. This cavity is most obvious in children. You may see in a draft of it in ~~Dr. Gall's~~ ^{Dr. Gall's} ~~anatomical~~

~~the~~ plates of the brain in the ~~Pennsylvania~~ ^{Throgmorton} hospital. ~~various~~ ^{various} ~~Dr. Portal~~ describes a case of

Spina bifida in which a communication was discovered between it & the 3rd ventricle of the brain ~~and of this case~~ by means of this internal cavity, and its existence is admitted by Nicollhomini. Bauhin & Walpurgis ^{author quoted} ~~according to~~ by Dr Portal.

3 The ~~vertebral~~ spinal marrow is plentifully supplied with blood vessels from the anterior and posterior spinal Arteries & from the vertebral, intercostal, lumbar & sacral

N Dr Portal mentions two striking facts in support of the opinions I have advanced. 1 In a Child affected with Spina bifida he distinctly saw the tumor enlarged in every respiration, and lessened in every expiration. This Child died. He found after Death a cavity large eno^u to admit a quill which communicated with the 3rd ventricle of the brain. 2 He opened & inspected the vertebrae of several Dogs & Cats & distinctly saw the *Ventrella Spinalis* enlarged & lessened with each inspiration, and expiration. These motions extended only to 3rd and 4th ~~vertebrae~~ cervical vertebrae in both cases. Vol. IV. p: 66.

Arteries. The Veins which return the
Blood which is carried by them are
4 in number and larger than the
Arteries - ~~one of them~~ ^{one of them is anterior, another} ~~they are~~ ^{posterior,}
and two are lateral. They are so large
Portal says that ^{they} might be called a
Sinus. These Veins probably serve by
their distension ^{to} aid the two Cavities
~~of~~ ^{I have} mentioned in relieving the
Medulla oblongata & spinalis from the
ill effects of redundant blood when
thrown upon them. ✓

The diseases of the ~~medulla~~ ^{anterior} spinal
marrow, or the brain in the Vertebral
~~with these~~ favour the theory I have
delivered of the uses of the Cavities &

V and 2^{ly}: the water in the Spinal Bifida
penetrates the coats and even the
coats of the spinal meninges, whereas
the water in the

V in which case it perfectly agrees
in every respect with the Hydrocephalus
= Cerebralis. ~~There is no doubt~~
~~as to the nature of the Hydrocephalus in this case,~~
~~it ought to be called~~

N found two external openings
instead of one. It ^{was} a more
extended form of the same disease.

Sinus ~~in it~~ which have been mentioned.

- 1 The Spina Bifida is nothing but an external Droopy of the Spinal Marrow in ~~so~~ every respect similar to the ~~external~~ ^{in the following particular} Droopy of the brain, except ~~that~~ the external Droopy of the brain is induced by an opening of the sutures of the brain - the Spina Bifida, by the absence ~~of a~~ ^{of a} spinal process of the Vertebra. ~~But~~ ^{but} sometimes it appears we are told with a gaping ~~of~~ ^{or} opening between two of the Vertebrae, — There is a case upon record by Morgagni in which a puncture of ~~the brain~~ the Spina Bifida produced the collapse of a brain distended with Hydrocephalus ~~internus~~ ^{externus}. In this case the water ^{was} 2 a severe pain in the back generally

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accompanying
signs of great morbid action as certainly
as a pain in the head. may not this
be occasioned by the cavities & sinuses I
have described, being so overcharged with
blood, as no longer to prevent its pressure
upon and distending the ~~dura mater~~
& other coverings
of the spinal marrow, and
thus to excite the pain I have mention-
ed.

3 may not the palsy of the lower limbs
~~be occasioned by the~~ and
~~the depression of~~ the bowels
be occasioned often by the depression of
the nerves which issue from the spine
by the ~~and~~ spinal marrow being trapped
by too much blood, than by any other
cause?

4 may not the weakness in the lower
trunk of the body,

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the Dr adds, "induration, softness, inflammation
 suppuration and Ulceration have been found
 in the medulla spinalis. And there is no
 doubt but that like the brain is capable
 of being affected by Concupion". He then
 concludes by saying "in a word, the diseases
 of the medulla spinalis have a great
 affinity with the diseases of the brain,
 and are more common than is generally
 supposed". ~~In Addition to this Account of~~

~~The~~ The practical inference from all the
 facts and opinions that have been ^{delivered} ~~advanced~~
 are: The Necessity and Safety of ^{we} ~~the~~ Diseases of
 the brain from redundant blood. Were to live
 agreeably to reason, the ventricles and ~~other~~
 sinuses of the brain would be sufficient
 to ~~retain~~ prevent injury to it in common

3 I treating upon pulmonary con-
=sumption I advised the Application
of Blisters between the shoulders along
the Cervical & ~~verte~~ Dorsal Vertebrae. I
have repeatedly seen them do more
service when applied there, than to the
sides or breast. may not the reason ~~why~~
of this be - the blister lifting congestion
in the Spinal Vertebrae which supply
a portion of nerves which unite with
the par Vagus & great Sympathetic nerves
which rays are distributed to the Thoracic
& Abdominal viscera?

4 May not the efficacy of a Burgundy
pitch plaster to ^{the} external parts of
the Cervical and Dorsal Vertebrae, and
of other stimulating applications to the
same parts, be owing to them in the Hooping

cons, but the pursuits, pleasures, ^{habits} & ^{prices} of
civilized life, render them too scanty for
that purpose. The quantity of blood sent
to the brain requires the aid of the lacunae
opist the Ventricles and lateral sinuses in
the Uses I have ascribed to him.

✓ I know the ^{use of the} waste cavities which I have
~~described~~ described in the Spinal Marrow, it
is alike obvious that many diseases
in the nervous & muscular parts of the
body which are supplied with nerves
from the Spinal Marrow, are, from the
inability of those cavities to afford shelter
room for all the blood that is sent to
them, induced by ^{an excess of} ~~too much~~ ~~fat~~ blood
in the Spinal Marrow, and that they
require, especially in their first stage,
remedies, the reverse of what are too often

length - In owing to ~~pressure~~ their
inducing such actions in the spinal
marrow, is ?

V This, - from the sameness of its
cause ~~being~~ with Hydropneumato
intestines -

prescribed for them; I mean depleting re-
medies. I shall illustrate ~~what I~~
~~by a reference to a single disease~~ what I
mean by a reference of a single disease.

I have said the Hydrocephalus internus is
~~caused by~~ ^{so much} ~~the blood~~
is induced by ~~the force of the~~ ^{so much} ~~the blood~~
being ~~forced~~ ^{so much} ~~into~~ ^{so much} ~~the~~ ^{so much} ~~ventricle~~
brain as to produce a passage of its serous
parts into the ventricles, or by the force
of the blood forcing open ~~the~~ or widening the
sutures ~~and~~ ^{and} ~~filling~~ ^{filling} ~~the~~ ^{the} ~~ventricle~~ ^{ventricle} ~~thus pro-~~

ducing a Hydrocephalus ~~inter~~ ^{inter} ~~externus~~.
I have said further that a disease similar to the
~~latter~~ ^{latter} ~~is produced~~ ^{is produced} ~~in the spinal marrow by the same causes.~~
but ^{tells us that} ~~Dr. Portal~~ ^{Dr. Portal} ~~tells us that~~ ^{tells us that} ~~water is found in the~~
~~its cavities~~ ^{its cavities} ~~this~~ ^{this} ~~may be called~~ ^{may be called}

Hydro Vertebralis ^{white} ~~internus~~ ^{internus} ~~The Spina~~
~~Bifida~~ ^{which} ~~is produced by water forcing its~~

V Which are the effects of
fever. I have called them apathic
states of fever. —

way outwards by the destruction of
a spinal process, or by insinuating
itself between two of the Vertebrae. ~~This~~
~~disorder~~ might be called a Hydrovertebra-
-lis exlata. ~~The only difference between~~

I shall apply the facts & principles
I have thus delivered to several other
diseases in the sequel of our lectures.

However ^{wisely and kindly} ~~great the precautions which~~
the peculiarities in the brain I have ~~noted~~
noticed appear to be intended to prevent its
diseases, from many circumstances they
are not always sufficient in common
with the Spleen, Thymus & Thyroid glands
& Glandula renalis for that purpose. The
~~various~~ diseases of the brain from an
undue determination of blood to it are
numerous. At present, I shall ~~take~~
confine myself only to these diseases. ✓

